

Affiliated Groups (replacement for middle section of Draft 2 dated 3/19/98)

Classification of GISB Affiliated Groups' Charges

There are four kinds of GISB Affiliated Groups:

- 1) Groups established by the E.C. that are assigned specific topic(s) and given a business practice charge within such topic(s) (Group 1)

Examples:

- a.) Intraday Task Force
- b.) Title Transfer Tracking Task Force

- 2) Groups established by the E.C. which are request oriented with a business practice charge or requested to address ancillary matters (i.e., conforming changes, standards maintenance and clean-up) within the subject matter of their charge from the E.C. (Group 2)

Examples:

- a.) Business Practice Subcommittee (BPS) (or any joint meeting of the BPS with any other GISB Affiliated Group)
- b.) Contracts Subcommittee
- c.) Task Force(s) established a) or b)
 - i. Model Trading Partner Agreement Task Force
 - ii. Funds Transfer Agreement Task Force; and
 - iii. Short-term Gas Purchase Agreement Task Force)
- e.) Any future GISB Affiliated Group formed at the direction of the EC and charged with resolving request-oriented business practice issues within the subject matter of their charge from the EC.

- 3) Groups established by the E.C. which are request oriented without a business practice or where the business practice issues have been addressed by a duly constituted group (i.e. Groups 1 and 2 above). Such matters are slated to be "fully staffed" prior to its circulation for industry comment and returned to the E.C. for final resolution. (Group 3)

Examples:

- a.) Information Requirements Subcommittee
- b.) Technical Subcommittee
- c.) Future Technology Task Force
- d.) Common Codes Task Force
- e.) Task Forces or Teams established by other Group 3 Subcommittees or Task Forces, respectively
- e.) Such other GISB Affiliated Group as constituted by the EC and not charged with the resolution of business practice issues.

- 4) The Interpretations Subcommittee (ISC) which is established by the EC and is charged with the interpretation or clarification of GISB Standards which may impact business practices. The ISC is not charged with the creation of new business practices. Rather, it is charged with interpreting the applicability of GISB Standards to current business practices. Additionally, while the ISC may determine that one or more business practices are not in keeping with a GISB Standard(s) (and that other(s) are), it may not propose (as an interpretation response) new GISB business practice standards (i.e., X.1.X, X.2.X, X.3.X, or X.4.X standards).